

**2024/TDC (CBCS)/EVEN/SEM/
STSHCC-201T/074**

TDC (CBCS) Even Semester Exam., 2024

**STATISTICS
(2nd Semester)**

Course No. : STSHCC-201T

(Probability and Probability Distribution)

Full Marks : 50
Pass Marks : 20

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

UNIT—I

1. Answer any two of the following questions :

2×2=4

- (a) Define continuous random variable and probability density function.
- (b) Define cumulative distribution function. State two properties of cumulative distribution function.
- (c) Define joint density function and marginal distribution function.

(2)

2. Answer any one of the following questions : 6

(a) A random variable X has the following probability distribution :

$X = x$:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
$P(X = x)$:	0	$2k$	$3k$	k	$2k$	k^2	$7k^2$	$2k^2 + k$

Find the values of k , $P(X < 6)$, $P(X \geq 6)$
and $P(2 < X < 3)$. 1+2+2+1=6

(b) Define conditional probability distribution.

A two dimensional random variable (X, Y) has the joint density

$$f(x, y) = 8xy, \quad 0 < x < y < 1 \\ = 0, \quad \text{otherwise}$$

(i) Find $P\left[X < \frac{1}{2} \cap Y < \frac{1}{4}\right]$;

(ii) Find marginal density of X and Y ;

(iii) Are X and Y independent?

1+2+2+1=6

UNIT—II

3. Answer any two of the following questions :

2×2=4

(a) Show that for a discrete random variable X , $E(X^2) \geq \{E(x)\}^2$, provided that the 1st two moments exist.

(3)

(b) If a and b be two constants and X be any random variable, then prove that

$$E(aX + b) = aE(X) + b$$

(c) Two unbiased die are thrown. Find the expected value of the product of the numbers of points on them.

4. Answer any one of the following questions : 6

(a) (i) If X and Y be two random variables and a and b be two constants, then prove that

$$E(aX - bY) = aE(X) - bE(Y) \quad 3$$

(ii) Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be n random variables, then prove that

$$V\left(\sum_{i=1}^n a_i X_i\right) = \sum_{i=1}^n a_i^2 V(X_i) + 2 \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n a_i a_j$$

$$\text{cov}(X_i, X_j) \quad 3$$

(b) (i) A continuous random variable has the following p.d.f. :

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{2}, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ = \frac{1}{2}, \quad 1 < x \leq 2 \\ = (3-x)/2, \quad 2 < x \leq 3$$

Find $E(X)$. 3

(4)

- (ii) The joint probability distribution of the random variables X and Y is given below :

$X \backslash Y$	1	3	9
2	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{24}$	$\frac{1}{12}$
4	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	0
6	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{24}$	$\frac{1}{12}$

Find $E(X)$ and $E(Y)$.

3

UNIT—III

5. Answer any *two* of the following questions :

2×2=4

- (a) Show that moment generating function is independent of change of origin but not scale.
- (b) Show that characteristic function of a random variable is uniformly continuous.
- (c) State the properties of cumulant generating function.

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(Continued)

(5)

6. Answer any *one* of the following questions : 6

- (a) (i) Define moment generating function. Find the moment generating function (m.g.f.) of the random variable X , having probability mass function

$$P(X = x) = \frac{1}{2^x}, x = 1, 2, 3, \dots \quad 1+2=3$$

- (ii) Define cumulant generating function. Find the effect of change of origin and scale on cumulants.

1+2=3

- (b) (i) Find the characteristic function and mean of the random variable X having probability density function

$$f(x) = \theta \cdot e^{-\theta x}, x > 0, \theta > 0 \quad 3$$

- (ii) If X and Y be two random variables, then prove that—

$$V(X) = E[V(X|Y)] + V[E(X|Y)] \quad 3$$

UNIT—IV

7. Answer any *two* of the following questions :

2×2=4

- (a) Define binomial distribution. State some properties of binomial distribution.

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(Turn Over)

(b) If X be a Poisson variate with parameter 4, then find the standard deviation.

(c) Find the recurrence relation between the moments of a negative Binomial distribution.

8. Answer any one of the following questions : 6

(a) (i) Derive Binomial distribution with parameters n and p , where n be the number of independent trials and p be the probability of success in each trial. 3

(ii) Prove that for Poisson distribution, mean and variance are same. 3

(b) (i) Define hypergeometric distribution with parameters (N, M, n) and deduce the recurrence relation of probabilities of the distribution. 1+2=3

(ii) Show that under certain conditions, binomial distribution is a special case of hypergeometric distribution. 3

UNIT—V

9. Answer any two of the following questions :

2×2=4

(a) Write the p.d.f. of normal distribution having mean μ and variance σ^2 . State some properties of normal distribution.

(b) Find mean and variance of a random variable X with p.d.f. given by

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\beta - \alpha}, \quad \alpha < x < \beta \\ = 0, \quad \text{otherwise}$$

(c) Define exponential distribution and find its mean.

10. Answer any one of the following questions : 6

(a) (i) Show that the linear combination of normal variates is also a normal variate. 3

(ii) Derive m.g.f. of normal distribution and hence obtain its cumulant generating function. 3

(b) (i) Define two-parameter gamma distribution and obtain its mean and variance. 3

- (ii) Prove that the exponential variate inherits the memoryless property from geometric probability law. 3

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