

## 2022/TDC(CBCS)/EVEN/SEM/ ZOOHCC-202T/086

TDC (CBCS) Even Semester Exam., 2022

ZOOLOGY

(Honours)

(2nd Semester)

Course No.: ZOOHCC-202T

( Cell Biology )

Full Marks: 50
Pass Marks: 20

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

## SECTION-A

Answer any ten questions:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$ 

- 1. Define cell. Who discovered the cell?
- 2. Why are viruses not true cells?
- 3. Name the factors that control shape of the cells.

(Turn Over )



(2)

( 3 )

- 4. What are the main functions of plasma membrane?
- Differentiate between gap junctions and desmosomes.
- Mention the important functions of rough endoplasmic reticulum (RER).
- 7. Why is mitochondrion regarded as semiautonomous organelle?
- 8. Define oxidative phosphorylation. Where does it occur in the cell?
- 9. Why are ATP considered as energy currency of the cell?
- 10. Briefly define cytoskeleton.
- 11. Write a note on nuclear envelope.
- 12. What are the main functions of nucleolus?
- 13. What are nucleosomes?
- 14. Write the significance of reductional cell division.
- **15.** Define cell cycle. Name the different phases of cell cycle.

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(Continued)

## SECTION—B

Answer any five questions:

6×5=30

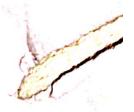
- 16. Give a detailed account of the cell cycle.
- 17. Write short notes of the following: 3+3=6
  - (a) Viroids
  - (b) Mycoplasma
- 18. Give an account of the fluid mosaic model of plasma membrane with labelled diagram. 5+1=6
- 19. Describe the ultrastructure of Golgi apparatus. Write about its role in cell secretion. 5+1=6
- **20.** Describe the ultrastructure of mitochondria with neat labelled diagram. 4+2=6
- 21. Write short notes of the following: 3+3=6
  - (a) Endosymbiotic hypothesis
  - (b) Chemiosmotic hypothesis
- 22. What are microtubules? Write about their structure and functions. 1+5=6

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(Turn Over )







- 23. Differentiate between the following: 3+3=6
  - (a) Nucleus and Nucleolus
  - (b) Euchromatin and Heterochromatin
- 24. Describe the prophase I of first meiotic division with proper diagrams.
  4+2=6
- **25.** Write short notes of the following: 3+3=6
  - (a) GPCR with special reference to its role in cell signalling
  - (b) cAMP as secondary messenger

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