

2022/TDC (CBCS)/EVEN/SEM/ PLSDSE-601T (A/B)/038

TDC (CBCS) Even Semester Exam., 2022

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(6th Semester)

Full Marks: 70
Pass Marks: 28

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Candidates have to answer either from Option—A or Option—B

OPTION—A

(For Honours Students only)

Course No.: PLSDSE-601T (A)

(Administration and Public Policy : Concepts and Theories)

SECTION-A

Answer any twenty of the following as directed: 1×20=20

The birth of Public Administration, as an academic discipline dates back to early _____ century.

(Fill in the blank)

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(Turn Over)

- 2. Who authored the book, Principles of Public Administration?
- 3. Write the full form of PPP.
- 4. Which phase in the evolution of Public Administration is known as the phase of Politics administration dichotomy thesis?
- 5. In which journal was the first article on Public Administration written by Woodrow Wilson published?
- 6. Who is the chief exponent of Decision-Making Theory?
- 7. With which experiments was Elton Mayo associated with?
- 8. Which approach focuses on formal administrative structure?
- 9. How many principles of administration were given by Henri Fayol?
- 10. Which theory of organization recognizes "Social Man"?
- 11. Who is considered as the father of public policy?
- Name the chief exponent of Rational Choice Model.
- 13. Which theory views public policy as a result of group struggle?
- 14. How many types of public policy are there, according to the Theodor Lowi?

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(Continued)



(3)

- 15. Name the regulatory agencies that regulates the policies of banking service in India.
- 16. Name the Indian Civil Servant who first coined the term Development Administration'.
- 17. The concept of 'Development Administration' is tagged with ____ nations. (First World/Third World)

(Choose the correct answer)

- 18. Which group of the American Society for Public Administration contributed much to the conceptualization of Development Administration?
- 19. What is the full form of MGNREGA?
- Name the conference which gave birth to the New Public Management Approach.
- 21. What is the main theme of New Public Management?
- 22. In their book Reinventing Government, Osborne and Gaebler suggest a programme for entrepreneurial government. (5 points/10 points).

(Choose the correct answer)

- 23. What are the three 'Es' of New Public Management Paradigm?
- 24. Name the article written by Christopher Hood where the term 'New Public Management' was used for the first time.

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25. Which country initiated the reform called The Public Comes First?

SECTION-B

Answer any five of the following questions: 2×5=10

- 26. What do P and B in the acronym 'POSDCORB' stand for?
- Point out any two differences between Public Administration and Private Administration.
- 28. Mention any two principles of classical theory of organization.
- Point out two criticisms levelled against scientific management theory.
- 30. Mention any two types of public policy.
- 31. Name any two Scholars associated with Elite theory.
- Mention any two events responsible for the birth and growth of Development Administration.
- 33. How does Fred W. Riggs define Development Administration?
- 34. Name any two countries which have introduced the NPM reforms.
- **35.** Write any two criticisms levelled against NPM paradigm.

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(Continued)

SECTION-C

Ans	wer any five of the following questions:	8×5=40
36.	Trace the growth of Public Administration an academic discipline.	as 8
37.	Discuss the significance of the study Public Administration.	of 8
38.	Discuss the Human Relations approach the study of Public Administration. What a the criticisms levelled against it?	to are

- Critically examine Herbert Simon's Decision-Making Approach.
- **40.** What is public policy? Explain the relevance of policy making in Public Administration.

 2+6=8

41. Briefly discuss any two theories of public policy.

- **42.** Explain the elements of Development Administration.
- 43. Bring out the difference between traditional administration and development administration. Discuss the criticisms levelled against development administration.

 5+3=8
- 44. Explain the meaning of New Public Management. How is it different from New Public Administration?
- **45.** Explain the 10-point programmes suggested by Osborne and Gaebler for promoting the concept of entrpreneurial government.

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OPTION-B

(For Pass Students only)

Course No. : PLSDSE-601T (B)

(Development Process and Social Movement in Contemporary India)

SECTION-A

Answer any ten of the following questions:

2×10=20

- What type of planning was introduced in India after Independence and when was the Planning Commission set-up?
- 2. When was first Five-Year Plan started? On which subject highest priority was given in it?
- 3. What was the base of New Economic Policy?
- 4. What is the main purpose of strategy in developing countries?
- 5. What is the aim of New Economic Policy?
- Mention two major gains of economic liberalization in India.
- Mention two causes of Tribal Movement in North-East India.

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(Turn Over)

- Name two measures taken by the government to solve the Tribal Movement in India.
- 9. What, according to Mao, is the practical solution to post-revolution politics?
- Name two major figures in the early civil rights movement in India.
- 11. In which year New Economic Policy was adopted? Name the Prime Minister, who initiated the new economic reform.
- 12. Name two possible means of liberalization.
- 13. In which year Green Revolution strategy was launched? Who was the architect of the Green Revolution?
- 14. What does PPP stand for? What do you mean by privatization?
- 15. What is the full form of SEWA? Name one group representing Dalit Women.

SECTION-B

Answer any five of the following questions:

10×5=50

- Discuss the objectives and significance of planning in India.
- 17. Discuss the nature and working of the Mixed Economy Model of Development which pursued during 1956-1991.

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- 18. Briefly explain the results of the liberalization of Indian economy.
- 19. What are the major problems faced by farmers in India?
- 20. How did Green Revolution help to solve the agrarian crisis in India?
- 21. Discuss the causes of sub-division of farms into small unit and their fragmentations.
- 22. What do you mean by Social Movement? Briefly discuss the history of Peasant Movement in our country.
- 23. Discuss the origin, evaluation and nature of Women Movement in India.
- 24. Discuss some of the significant political ideas of Mao Tse-tung.
- 25. What are the significant features of Cultural Revolution as expounded by Mao Tse-tung?
