2020/TDC (CBCS)/ODD/SEM/ PHSHCC-102T/148

TDC (CBCS) Odd Semester Exam., 2020 held in March, 2021

PHYSICS

(1st Semester)

Course No.: PHSHCC-102T

(Mechanics)

Full Marks: 50
Pass Marks: 20

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

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1. Answer any ten of the following questions:

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- (a) What do you mean by reference frame?
- (b) Show that the path of a projectile as seen from another projectile will always be a straight line.
- (c) Explain the principle of conservation of momentum.



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- (d) Define conservative and non-conservative forces.
- (e) Show that torque is given by the time rate of change of angular momentum.
- (f) Define elastic constants.
- (g) Write the physical significance of moment of inertia.
- (h) State the theorems of parallel and perpendicular axis for moment of inertia.
- (i) Find the intensity of gravitational field due to a thin spherical shell at a point outside the shell.
- (j) What is the difference between inertial and gravitational mass?
- (k) Find the gravitational potential on the surface of a spherical cell bandw
 - (1) The earth mass is 80 times that of the moon and their diameters are 12800 km and 3200 km respectively. What is the value of g on the moon, if g on the earth is $9.8 \text{ m}/\text{s}^2$?

(3)

- m. What mis bethe plequation of tSHM? .E
- (n) Find an expression of kinetic energy of bus albody executing SHM. Majuria (d)
- owt to same to arrest to potterloss of (0) Define sharpness of resonance.
 - (p) What is quality factor?
 - (q) State postulates of special theory of relativity.
 - (r) Write the aim of Michelson-Morley experiment.
 - (s) What do you mean by mass-energy equivalence?

their usual meanings.

(t) Write a short note on time dilation.

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5. Describe briefly about gravitational potential.

Answer any five questions

- 2. (a) Show that force as gradient of potential
 - (b) Explain the terms from a potential energy curve, stable and unstable equilibrium. 3+3=6

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(Turn Over)

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(4)

- 3. (a) Show that the laws of conservation of momentum and energy are invariant to Galilean transformation.

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 - (b) Calculate the position, velocity and acceleration of centre of mass of two particles per 10 accultants and 3+3=6
- 4. (a) Show that torque is given by the time rate of change of angular momentum.
 - (b) State and prove the theorem of perpendicular axis for moment of inertia. 3+3=6
- 5. Show that $K = \frac{Y}{3(1-2\sigma)}$, where symbols have their usual meanings.
- 6. Describe briefly about gravitational potential. Show that gravitational potential at the centre of a solid sphere is $\frac{3}{2}$ times that on the surface.
- 7. (a) State Kepler's three laws of planetary motion.
 - (b) What is geosynchronous orbit and global positioning system? 3+3=6

(5)

- 8. (a) What are the important characteristics of SHM?
 - (b) Show that total energy of a body executing SHM is constant at any instant. 2+4=6
- 9. (a) Write short notes on non-inertial frames and fictitious forces.
 - (b) Find the condition of resonance. 3+3=6
- 10. Find an expression for expected fringe shift in Michelson-Morley experiment.6
- 11. Derive Lorentz transformation equations. 6

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