

## 2019/TDC/ODD/SEM/PHPGE/ PHPDSC-101T/154

TDC (CBCS) Odd Semester Exam., 2019

# PHILOSOPHY I 21 INIW (d)

(1st Semester)

Course No.: PHPGE/PHPDSC-101T

(Logic)

Full Marks: 70
Pass Marks: 28

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

## UNIT—I

- 1. Answer any four questions:
- $1\times4=4$
- (a) Is logic a science or an art or both?
- (b) What are the different types of truth logic deals with?
- (c) Write one use of studying logic.
- (d) How many parts does an argument have?
- (e) What are the two different types of arguments?

(Turn Over)

2

SOIB/US/COC/GU/SEM/BIPGE/ 1611T190-1017/164

2. Answer any one question:

- (a) When is a deductive argument valid?
- (b) What is a sound argument?
- ist Suniester ; 3. (a) Determine the scope of logic and indicate the uses of the study of logic.

Or

(b) Explain argument and argument form with example. Distinguish between argument 5+3=8 and argument form.

4. Answer any four questions:

 $1 \times 4 = 4$ 

- there (a) How many parts are proposition?
- (b) What are the different kinds of proposition according to relation?
- (c) "Any student can do this." Reduce this sentence into proper logical form.
- (d) Illustrate Universal Affirmative proposition.
- (e) What kind of opposition exists between A and I proposition?

20J/1186

(Continued)

5. Answer any one question:

- (a) Name the different kinds of opposition of propositions in traditional square of opposition.
- (b) What is an existential general proposition?
- 6. (a) What is compound proposition? What are its different forms? Explain each of them with examples. 1+2+5=8

Or usulmon at ten 7 (46) . Q

(b) What do you mean by 'opposition of propositions'? Explain Aristotelian square of opposition with a diagram. 2+6=8

## UNIT—III

7. Answer any four questions:

 $1 \times 4 = 4$ 

- (a) State one rule of obversion.
- (b) What is the position of the middle term in the third figure?
- (c) What is the obverse of 'some men are not wise'? The later of the object of
- (d) How many valid moods are there in all four figures?
- (e) Name one valid mood of Third Figure.

(Turn Over)

20J/1186

(5)

8.	Ans	swer any one question	
	(a)	State two rules of conversion.	

- (b) Give the converse of the following:
  - (i) The virtues alone are happy.
  - (ii) All Asians are not Indian.
- 9. (a) What is contraposition? State the rules of contraposition. Contrapose the statement, "Some clergymen are not abstainers". 2+4+2=8

on while Or are commoded to

- (i) What is figure? How many figures are 1+1=2there?
  - (ii) Test the validity or invalidity of the following syllogistic arguments by applying Cope's six rules and name the  $3 \times 2 = 6$ fallacies:
    - (1) God creates man, man creates sin, hence God creates sin.
    - (2) He must be coward, for he is dishonest and all cowards are dishonest."

UNIT-IV

10. Answer any four questions:

- (a) What is variable?
- (b) What is a symbol?
- (c) Write one point of distinction between classical logic and symbolic logic.
- (d) What is the symbol of biconditional?
- (e) If p is true, q is false, then what is the truth value of  $p \supset q$ ?

11. Answer any one question:

- (a) Symbolize the following sentences:
  - (i) The weather is cloudy and Mohan does not go to college.
  - (ii) It is not true that either Leena will go or she will stay at home.
  - (b) What is tautology?

20J/1186

- 12. (a) Use truth table to characterize the following statement forms as tautologous, contradictory or contingent:
  - (i)  $[q \equiv (p \supset q)] \supset p$
  - (ii)  $(p \supset q) \supset [\sim p \supset (q \lor \sim q)]$

(Turn Over)

8=2+5+1

(6)

Or

(b) Use shorter truth table method to prove the invalidity of the following: 4+4=8

(i) 
$$A \supset B$$
  
 $B \cdot C$   
 $C \lor D$ 

$$B \equiv C$$

$$C \supset D$$

$$\therefore \sim D$$

### UNIT-V

13. State the rule of inference by which the conclusion follows from its premise or premises (any four):

1×4=4

(a) 
$$(D \vee E) \cdot (F \vee G)$$
  
  $\therefore D \vee E$ 

$$(b) \qquad H \supset I$$
$$\therefore (H \supset I) \lor (H \supset \sim I)$$

(c) 
$$(A \supset B) \supset (C \lor D)$$
  
 $A \supset B$   
 $\therefore C \lor D$ 

(d) 
$$(X \vee Y) \supset \sim (Z \cdot \sim A)$$
  
  $\sim \sim (Z \cdot \sim A)$   
  $\therefore \sim (X \vee Y)$ 

(e) 
$$\sim (B \cdot C) \supset (D \vee E)$$
  
 $\sim (B \cdot C)$   
 $\therefore D \vee E$ 

20J/1186

(Continued)

7

14. Answer any one question:

2

5

3

(a) State the rule of disjunctive syllogism (DS) and absorption (Abs).

(b) State the justification for each line that is not premise for the following argument:

$$A$$

$$B/: (A \lor C) \cdot B$$

$$A \lor C$$

$$(A \lor C) \cdot B$$

15. (a) (i) Construct formal proof of validity for the following argument:

$$A \supset B$$

$$A \lor (C \cdot D)$$

$$\sim B \cdot \sim E$$

$$\therefore C$$

(ii) State the justification for each line that is not a premise for the following arguments:

1. 
$$(E \vee F) \cdot (G \vee H)$$

2. 
$$(E \supset G) \cdot (F \supset H)$$

4. 
$$E \vee F$$

5. 
$$G \vee H$$

20J/1186

(Turn Over)

(8)

OI

- (b) Construct formal proof of validity for the following arguments: 4+4=8
- $(i) \quad Q \supset R$   $\sim S \supset (T \supset U)$   $S \lor (Q \lor T)$   $\sim S / \therefore R \lor U$ 
  - (ii) 1.  $W \supset X$ 
    - 2.  $(W \cdot X) \supset Y$

ne epitole or . To longe a pro-

3.  $(W \cdot Y) \supset Z/: W \supset Z$ 

\* \* \*