

## 2023/TDC(CBCS)/EVEN/SEM/ PHIHCC-403T/187

are no beautiful.

TDC (CBCS) Even Semester Exam., 2023

PHILOSOPHY

( Honours )

(4th Semester)

Course No.: PHIHCC-403T

(Logic—II)

Full Marks: 70
Pass Marks: 28 your woll

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

## SECTION—A

Answer any ten of the following questions:  $2\times10=20$ 

- 1. State the law of identity.
- 2. What is the law of non-contradiction?
- 3. Are the Hetvābhāsas material fallacies? How many Hetvābhāsas are there?
- 4. Define formal proof of validity.
- 5. What is 'reductio ad absurdum method' in method of deduction?

(Turn Over)



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 State the rules of transposition and material implication.

- 7. What is quantification?
- 8. What symbols are used as existential and universal quantifiers?
- 9. What is a conditional proof?
- 10. What is an experimental method?
- 11. How many instances are required to apply the method of difference?
- State the name of two fallacies of inductive reasoning.
- 13. Define hypothesis.
- 14. What is indirect verification of hypothesis?
- 15. How is probability defined in the relative frequency theory?

## SECTION-B

Answer any five of the following questions:

 $10 \times 5 = 50$ 

- 16. Explain the different laws of thought.
- 17. What is Hetvābhāsa? Elaborate the different types of Hetvābhāsa. 2+8=10

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(Continued)

(3)

18. Construct the formal proof of validity (any two):

(a) 
$$K \vee (\sim K \cdot M)$$
  
 $K \supset N$   
 $\therefore (N \cdot K) \equiv K$ 

(b) 
$$(J \vee K) \supset \sim L$$
  
L

(c) 
$$P\supset Q$$
  
 $P\supset (Q\supset R)$   
 $\therefore P\supset R$ 

19. Construct indirect proof:

(a) 
$$P \lor (Q \cdot R)$$
  
 $P \supset R$ 

(b) 
$$(A \lor B) \supset (C \supset D)$$
  
 $( \sim D \lor E) \supset (A \cdot C)$   
 $\therefore D$ 

20. Symbolize the following using quantifiers:

- (a) Cats are animals.
- (b) Not every tourist waited for the bus.
- (c) Only registered practitioners can prescribe medicines.

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## ((4))

- (d) Some foods are harmful only if taken in excessive quantity.
- (e) All fruits and vegetables are wholesome and delicious.
- 21. Use conditional proof to prove the validity of the following:

(a) 
$$E\supset F$$
  
 $E\supset G$   
 $\therefore E\supset (F\cdot G)$ 

(b) 
$$H \supset (I \lor J)$$
  
 $\sim I$   
 $\therefore H \supset J$ 

- 22. Explain Mill's method of agreement with appropriate example.
- 23. Elaborate the different types of inductive fallacies.
- 24. Explain the conditions of valid hypothesis.
- 25. Elaborate the role of hypothesis in scientific enquiry.

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