



**2022/TDC/ODD/SEM/
PHIDSC/GE-301T/058**

TDC (CBCS) Odd Semester Exam., 2022

PHILOSOPHY

(3rd Semester)

Course No. : PHIDSC/GE-301T

[Epistemology and Metaphysics (Indian)]

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 28

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

UNIT—I

1. Answer any *four* of the following questions : 1×4=4

(a) How many Vedic or Orthodox schools are there in Indian Philosophy?

(b) What, according to Indian Philosophy, is the highest goal of human life?



(2)

(c) What is the name of the concept of Ṛta as found in the Nyāya-Vaiśeṣika philosophy?

(d) What is the principle, on the basis of which, Indian Philosophy is divided into Orthodox and Heterodox schools?

(e) Which school in Indian Philosophy is known as materialistic school?

2. Answer any one of the following questions : 2

(a) Name those Orthodox schools, which do not believe in the existence of God.

(b) Name the non-Vedic systems of Indian Philosophy.

3. Explain briefly the common characteristics of Indian Philosophy. 8

Or

Explain the concept of Ṛta as a moral law in Indian Philosophy.

(3)

UNIT—II

4. Answer any four of the following questions : 1×4=4

(a) What, according to Cārvāka, is the only source of valid knowledge?

(b) What, according to Cārvāka, is the ultimate reality?

(c) What, according to Cārvāka, is the ultimate end of life?

(d) Who is the founder of Jainism?

(e) How many Tirthaṅkaras are there in Jainism?

5. Answer any one of the following questions : 2

(a) Why are Cārvākas called the materialists in Indian Philosophy?

(b) What is Anekāntavāda?

6. Discuss briefly the epistemology of Cārvāka system. 8

Or

What is Syādvāda in Jainism? What are the Seven forms of judgements according to Jainism? 2+6=8



(4)

UNIT—III

7. Answer any four of the following questions : 1×4=4

(a) What, according to Buddhism, is the root cause of sufferings?

(b) How many links are there in Buddha theory of causation?

(c) Is there any permanent Self according to Buddha?

(d) Write the name of the main 'Text' of Buddhism.

(e) Which Noble Truth of Buddha System is related to the famous Eight-fold Path?

8. Answer any one of the following questions : 2

(a) Write the name of the Four Noble Truths of Buddhism.

(b) What are Aṣṭāṅgikamārga?

(5)

9. Discuss critically the theory of Dependent Origination or Pratīyasamutpādvāda. 8

Or

Explain Kṣaṇikatvavāda or the theory of Momentariness of Buddhism.

UNIT—IV

10. Answer any four of the following questions : 1×4=4

(a) Who is the founder of Nyāya philosophy?

(b) How many Pramāṇas are accepted as the valid sources of knowledge by the Naiyāyikas in Indian Philosophy?

(c) Who is the author of Nyāya-sūtra?

(d) Who is the founder of Vaiśeṣika philosophy?

(e) How many Categories or Padārthas are there in Vaiśeṣika philosophy?

11. Answer any one of the following questions : 2

(a) What are the sources of knowledge or Pramāṇas accepted by the Nyāya philosophers?

(b) What is Category or Padārtha in Vaiśeṣika system?



(6)

12. Define Pratyakṣa or perception according to Nyāya system. Classify perception with examples. 2+6=8

Or

Write a brief essay on Vaiśeṣika Category of Viśeṣa. 8

UNIT—V

13. Answer any four of the following questions : 1×4=4

- (a) How many realities are recognized in Sāṅkhya philosophy?
(b) How many Guṇas are there, according to Sāṅkhya schools?
(c) Who is the founder of Advaita Vedānta?
(d) Who is the author of Vedānta-sūtra?
(e) Who advocated Viśiṣṭa Advaita Vedānta?

14. Answer any one of the following questions : 2

- (a) Mention two functions of Māyā.
(b) What are the two co-present and co-eternal realities of Sāṅkhya system?

(7)

15. What is Prakṛti? How does Sāṅkhya prove the existence of Prakṛti? 8

Or

Explain Śaṅkara's concept of Brahman.
