

**2021/TDC/CBCS/ODD/
PHIDSC/GE-301T/058**

**TDC (CBCS) Odd Semester Exam., 2021
held in March, 2022**

PHILOSOPHY

(3rd Semester)

Course No. : PHIDSC/GE—301T

[Epistemology and Metaphysics (Indian)]

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 28

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

SECTION—A

Answer any *twenty* of the following questions : $1 \times 20 = 20$

1. How many schools are there in Indian philosophy?

2. What is the meaning of the word 'Āstika'?

3. Name the materialistic school of Indian philosophy.
4. Is Indian philosophy optimistic?
5. What, according to Indian philosophy, is the highest goal of human life?
6. Who is the founder of Cārvāka system?
7. Which system of Indian philosophy maintains that perception is the only source of valid knowledge?
8. Does Cārvāka believe in Soul?
9. What does Jaina mean?
10. Name the twenty-fourth Tirthaṅkara of Jainism.
11. Is there any permanent self, according to Buddha?
12. What is the Third Noble Truth of Buddhism?
13. What is the main text of Buddhism?

14. What does 'Nirvāṇa' mean?
15. Is Buddhism atheistic?
16. Who is the founder of Nyāya system?
17. How many members are there in Parārthānumāna?
18. What is Pramā?
19. How many categories are there according to Kaṇāda?
20. Give an example of Samavāya.
21. Who is the founder of Sāṅkhya system?
22. Does Sāṅkhya believe in God?
23. Is Puruṣa one or many according to Sāṅkhya?
24. What is the relation of Jīva with Brahman according to Advaita Vedānta of Śaṅkara?
25. What does the word 'Viśiṣṭādvaita' mean?

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SECTION—B

Answer any five of the following questions : $2 \times 5 = 10$

26. What is Lokāyata Darśana? Why is it called so?
27. What is Rta?
28. What are material bodies composed of according to Cārvāka school?
29. What does Anekāntavāda mean?
30. What is Kṣaṇikatvavāda?
31. Name the four primary schools of Buddhism.
32. What is Pramāṇa? How many Pramāṇas are recognised by Nyāya?
33. Distinguish between Samavāya and Saṁyoga.
34. How many Guṇas are there in Sāṁkhya system? Name them.
35. What are the two aspects of Māyā according to Advaita Vedānta?

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(Continued)

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SECTION—C

Answer any five of the following questions : $8 \times 5 = 40$

36. Give a brief sketch about the schools of Indian philosophy.
37. Explain the status of Law of Karma in Indian philosophy. Is it fatalistic?
38. What, according to Cārvāka, is the only source of valid knowledge? Critically explain Cārvāka theory of knowledge (Epistemology). $1+7=8$
39. Discuss Jaina concept of Syādvāda. How is it related to Saptabhaṅgināya? $4+4=8$
40. Explain critically Pratīyasamutpādvāda or the doctrine of Dependent Origination as advocated by Buddhism.
41. What are the Four Noble Truths of Buddhism? Explain each of them.
42. Define Anumāna. Explain different classifications of Anumāna in Nyāya philosophy. $2+6=8$

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(Turn Over)

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43. Explain and examine the Vaiśeṣika theory of atomism.
44. What is Prakṛti? How does Sāṅkhya prove the existence of Prakṛti?
45. Discuss Rāmānuja's criticism against Śaṅkara's concept of Māyā.
