

7+3=10

## 2019/TDC/ODD/SEM/ECOHCC-302T/065

TDC (CBCS) Odd Semester Exam., 2019 2. (a) How will you derive AD curve? What

# ECONOMICS'

(3rd Semester) Explain the darivation of AS curve? How

Course No.: ECOHCC-302Tel

(Intermediate Macroeconomics—I)

equilibrium?

different types?

Full Marks: 70 Pass Marks: 28

Time: 3 hours

(a) Deline interport and inflation rate.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer two short questions (2 marks) and one broad question (10 marks) from each Unit

### UNIT—I

- (a) What is Phillips curve? Why does the **1.** Answer any *two* of the following:
  - What do you mean by aggregate (a) demand (AD) and aggregate supply (AS)? .
    - What is AD curve? Illustrate with a (b) suitable diagram.
    - What is AS curve? Illustrate with a diagram.

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(Turn Over)



### 2019/TDC/ODD/(#21)ECOHCC-302T/065

2. (a) How will you derive AD curve? What factors cause AD curve to shift? 7+3=1

or Semester

(b) Explain the derivation of AS curve? How is it related to labour market equilibrium? 7+3=10

#### UNIT—II

3. Answer any two of the following:

2×2=4

- (a) Define inflation and inflation rate.
- (b) How do labour market conditions affect money wage rate?
- (c) Define unemployment. What are its different types?
- 4. (a) What is Phillips curve? Why does the Phillips curve slope downwards? What is the slope of Phillips curve in the long run?

  3+4+3=1

(b) What is AD cover Illustrate with a

(b) What role does expectations play in effectiveness of macroeconomic policies? Discuss.

10

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(Continued)

(3)

III-TINU ives of monetary

5. Answer any two of the following:

 $2 \times 2 = 4$ 

- (a) What is balance of payments (BoP)?
- (b) Distinguish between a closed economy and an open economy.
- What is exchange rate? What are its types?
- 6. (a) What are the sources of demand for and supply of foreign exchanges? Explain the determination of exchange rate.

(2+2)+6=10

Or

(b) Discuss the monetary approach to BoP. 10

#### UNIT-IV

7. Answer any two of the following:

2×2=4

- (a) What do you mean by 'active' and 'passive' monetary policies?
- (b) Distinguish between rules and discretion in the context of monetary policy.
- (c) What are the instruments of monetary policy?

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8. (a)	What are the objectives of monetary policy? Discuss.
SXS and	policy? Discuss.
9º	(a) What is balance of payments (Bol
Armor	Distinguish between monetary policy objectives and intermediate targets.  Can a Central Bank target both
634 B	money supply and interest rate
	simultaneously? Discuss. Section 5+5=10
plain	what are the sources of demand for UNIT—V — TINU — supply of foreign exchanges? Extended the demand for the demand for the following:  2×2=4
	What is fiscal policy and what are its components?
(b)	What do you mean by government budget constraint?
y= Σ×Σ (c)	What is government debt and what are its sources?
Dire	to What do you man by 'n live'
10. (a)	Discuss Ricardian equivalence theory. 10
(b)	What is government budget? Explain its

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different components.

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3+7=10