## 2022/TDC(CBCS)/EVEN/SEM/ ECOHCC-201T/501

## TDC (CBCS) Even Semester Exam., 2022

ECONOMICS (Honours)

(2nd Semester)

Course No.: ECOHCC-201T

(Introductory Macroeconomics)

Full Marks: 70
Pass Marks: 28

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

## SECTION—A

Answer any ten of the following:

2×10=20

- 1. What are called flow variables? Give one example.
- 2. Define GNP<sub>FC</sub> and NNP<sub>HP</sub>.
- 3. Point out the basic principle of circular flow models.

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, .	Which factors have contributed to the	17. (	<ul> <li>Describe the income method of estimating national income.</li> </ul>
5.	Name two approaches to the definition of	(	<ul> <li>Point out three precautions that must be taken in estimation of national income.</li> </ul>
6.	What are the determinants of money supply in an economy?	18. (	,
7.	Name the two common measures of inflation.  Define galloping inflation.	(	b) Write an essay on the significance of money in a modern economy.
9.	What are the different types of inflation?	<b>19.</b> <i>(</i>	
10. 11.	What is called effective demand?  Define aggregate supply price and aggregate demand price.	(	<ul> <li>b) Critically explain the Keynesian liquidity preference theory.</li> <li>8</li> </ul>
	What is underemployment equilibrium?  Distinguish between balance of payments and balance of trade.	Ċ	escribe the effects of inflation on istribution of income, economic growth and mployment.
	What is called devaluation of currency?  Name the different elements of Current Account of BoP.	<b>21.</b> (	How does inflationary spiral create high rate of inflation?  Discuss briefly the factors which create inflationary pressure in an economy.
	Section—B		
Answer any <i>five</i> of the following: $10 \times 5 = 50$		22. (	show how equilibrium level of income is determined in the simple Keynesian
16.	(a) Explain the circular flow of income in a three-sector economy.		two-sector model.
	(b) Point out two distinctions between real GDP and nominal GDP. 2	(1	o) Does equilibrium always imply full employment?
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23.		Define the IS curve and derive it graphically.	6	
	(b)	Explain the relationship between interest rate and income.	4	
24.	(a)	Write in brief the different components of balance of payments.		
	(b)	Point out few limitations of balance of payments.	5	
25.	Disc bala	cuss the various methods of correcting ance of payments deficit.		