2020/TDC (CBCS)/ODD/SEM/ ECOHCC-102T/452

TDC (CBCS) Odd Semester Exam., 2020 held in March, 2021

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ECONOMICS

(1st Semester)

Course No.: ECOHCC-102T

(Mathematical Methods in Economics—I)

Full Marks: 70

Pass Marks: 28

Time: 3 hours of motors

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—A

- 1. Answer any ten of the following questions: $2\times10=20$
 - (a) Define continuity of a function.
 - (b) Mention the truth table for $p \wedge q$.
 - (c) Express $0.111 \cdots$ in the form of fraction.
 - (d) If $A = \{-1, 1\}$, then find $A \times A$.

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- (e) Define polynomial function 610examples retroited bed (2000) 001
- Write the first four terms of the sequence

201MCn245 $a_n = n \frac{\pi}{4}$ list Boutestar

- What is the difference between a series and a sequence?
- (h) Draw the graph of the function $y = 2x^2$ for the range -2 < x < 2.
- Find the first four derivatives for the function $y = 9x^3 - 9$.
- Obtain the differential dy when

As we will stary =
$$2x^2 + 3x + 5$$
 in strain on T

(k) Given the total cost function

$$C = 15q - 6q^2 + q^3$$

derive the equation of MC curves.

- Ok = (1) Write single-variable optimization conditions for y = f(x).
 - (m) Why are convex functions important?
 - (n) Mention any two properties of a convex function.
 - (o) What is the local optimal solution?

(p) Find the value of x at which the function betroder bus suff(x) = $(x-4)^2$. To vertice

reaches an extremum. Describe the nature of this extremum.

- Define indefinite integrals."
- Mention any two rules of operation for definite integral.
- Evaluate:
- Given the marginal propensity to (b) Prove that the followin amuenous is

$$C'(y) = 0.7 + 0.1y^2$$

find the consumption function C(y).

SECTION-

Answer any five questions Show that fixt = 3x + 2 and a(x) =

- **2.** (a) If $A = \{7, 8, 9\}, B = \{0, 1, 8, 9\}$ $C = \{4, 3, 7, 9\}$, then find—
 - (i) A×(B∩C); to more out built with 3
 - (ii) $(A \times B) \cap (A \times C)$;
 - (iii) $A \times (B \cup C)$;
 - (iv) $(A \times B) \cup (A \times C)$;
 - (v) $(A \cup B) C$;
 - (vi) $(A \cup B) C'$.

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- (b) A market research group conducted a survey of 1000 consumers and reported that 720 consumers like product A and 450 consumers like product B. What is the least number that must have liked both products?
- 3. (a) Evaluate: solution out you are the interest (i) Lt $\frac{\sqrt{4+x}-2}{x}$.
 - (ii) Lt $\frac{5+6x}{x^2}$ $\frac{5+6x}{x^2}$ iii) Lt $\frac{5+6x}{x^2}$ where the marginal property is
 - (b) Prove that the following function is continuous at x = 4:

$$f(x) = 6 + 5x + 4x^2 + 3x^3$$

4. (a) Solve:

 $\log(x) + \log(x+3) = \log(20-5x)$ anomatic and the state of the

- (b) Show that f(x) = 3x + 2 and $g(x) = \frac{x 2}{3}$ are inverses of each other.
- 5. (a) Find the sum of the sequence 7, 77, 777, 7777, ... to n terms
 - (b) Does the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n^3 \times 1)}{n^{5} + 3^{5}} \frac{(n^3 \times 1)}{(n^5 \times 1)}$ Explain. $(3) (8 \times 1) \frac{(n^3 \times 1)}{(n^5 \times 1)} \frac{(n^5 \times 1)}{($

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- 6. (a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, when in the of the fixed (c) . (i) $y = e^x x^n$; (ii) $y = \log(ax^2 + bx + c)$. It is the $y = \log(ax^2 + bx + c)$.
- (b) The demand function is given by bary

q = 7 - 2p

Calculate e_d , when p=1 and p=2.

7. (a) Obtain the extrema for the function

$$C = q^3 + 2q^2 - 4q + 4$$
 (iii) 5

(b) The total cost (C) and total revenue (R) functions of a firm are given by

$$C = 5q^2 + 10$$
 and $R = -2q^2 + 6q$

Find the output level (q) at which profit of the firm is maximum.

- 8. (a) Discuss the geometric properties of a linear function.
 - (b) Given the price equation, P = 100 2Q, where Q is quantity demanded. Find—
 - (i) the marginal revenue (MR);
 - (ii) the price elasticity of demand, when Q = 10;
 - (iii) the nature of the commodity.

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- 9. (a) Explain local and global maxima with suitable graphical representation.
- (b) Prove that a cubic function must have a point of inflexion.
- 10. Find the integral of the following: 3+3+4=10

(i)
$$\int (x+a)^3 dx$$

(ii)
$$\int_{a}^{a} \frac{(a^x + b^x)^2}{a^x \cdot b^x} dx$$

(iii)
$$\int_{0}^{1} x(1-x)^{n} dx$$
(b) The form the first (2) the left of (3)

11. (a) The supply function of a firm is given by

$$p = q^2 + 2q + 1$$

Given that the equilibrium is reached at q = 3. Find producer surplus at the equilibrium quantity.

(b) Obtain the solution of the equation

$$y_{t+1} - 2y_t = 4$$

Given that $y_t = 4$, when t = 0.

(a). The price planting of demand, when

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