2021/TDC/CBCS/ODD/ ECODSE-502T(A/B/C)/461

TDC (CBCS) Odd Semester Exam., 2021 held in March, 2022

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(5th Semester)

Course No.: ECODSE-502T

Full Marks: 70
Pass Marks: 28

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Candidates have to answer either Option—A or Option—B or Option—C

OPTION—A

Course No.: ECODSE-502T (A)

[Economic History of India (1857-1947)]

SECTION—A

Answer any twenty of the following as directed:

1×20=20

- 1. Who is the author of the book, The Economic History of India?
- 2. What is colonial economy?

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- 3. Mention one major social change during the colonial period in India.
 - 4. British rule in India left a positive and a negative impact on the people of the country.

 (Write True or False)
 - 5. In which year was Suez Canal opened which practically halved the sea-route between Europe and India?
 - 6. Who estimated India's per capita income during colonial period for the first time?
 - 7. The second step of demographic transformation started after 1921.

(Write True or False)

- 8. Mention one feature of occupational structure in India during 1857–1947.
- 9. What is meant by demographic profile?
- During the colonial period, estimates of _______
 on national and per capita income was considered very significant. (V. K. R. V. Rao / R. C. Desai)

(Choose the correct option)

11. India during the colonial period was predominantly an agricultural economy.

(Write True or False)

- 12. How many types of land tenures were adopted in India by the British rulers?
- 13. Mention one cause of depression in agricultural sector during 1870–1880.
- 14. All India famine of 1876-78 acted as severe hindrance to immediately reducing income of agriculturist.

(Write True or False)

- 15. Who was the Chairman of the Third Famine Commission?
- 16. Mention one recommendation of the Wedgewood Committee.
- 17. The partition of the country in 1947 split the old Indian railway system into two parts.

 (Write True or False)
- 18. Who appointed Mr. Thomas Robertson in 1901 to enquire into the working and administration of the Indian Railways?

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- 19. Who was the founder of the modern iron and steel industry in India?
- 20. Mention one constraint of Indian industries during 1857-1947.
- 21. Who ruled over imperial India (1858-1862)?
- 22. Mention one purpose of imperialism.
- 23. The Joint Select Committee on the Government of India Bill, 1919 recommended the grant of fiscal autonomy to India. (Write True or False)
- 24. Mention one recommendation of Tariff Board appointed in 1923.
- 25. The Act of 1935 permitted British citizens to start freely any enterprise anywhere in India.

 (Write True or False)

SECTION-B

Answer any five of the following questions: 2×5=10

- **26.** Mention two features of Indian economy during 1857–1947.
- 27. State two causes of economic transition in India in the 19th Century.

- 28. Point out two characteristics of national income estimates during 1857-1947.
- 29. State two features of occupational distribution of India's population during 1901–1947.
- 30. Mention two recommendations of the Royal Commission on agriculture appointed in 1926.
- 31. Point out two achievements of the Cooperative movement in India during 1904–1947.
- 32. State two causes of industrial disputes during 1921-1947.
- 33. Mention two features of the payment of Wages Act of 1936.
- **34.** Mention two features of international trade during 1857–1947.
- 35. State two causes of drain of wealth from India to England.

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SECTION-C

Answer any five of the following questions: 8×5=40

- 36. (a) Give four reasons for stagnation of Indian economy during 1857–1947.
 - (b) Also write a note on mercantilism and restrictions on imports from India during Colonial period.
- 37. Explain in brief the positive and negative impact of the British rule on the Indian economy.
- **38.** Give an account of the trend of India's population since 1901 to 1947. What factors resulted in rapid increase in India's total population after 1921?
- 39. Discuss in brief the various estimates of national and per capita income during 1857–1900. Also give the salient features of trends in national income after 1900 till Independence.
- 40. Discuss the features of (a) Famine Relief Policy after 1857 and (b) The First Famine Commission, 1880.

- 41. Explain briefly the various technological changes associated with the period of 1857–1947. How did it bring about economic changes in the society?

 5+3=8
- 42. Write a note on de-industrialization on progressive ruralization in India during the British rule. Also explain briefly why the entrepreneurial growth in India was low during British rule.

 5+3=8
- 43. Discuss the nature of industrialization in the inter-war period. Add a note on labour control and labour legislation in colonial India.

 4+4=8
- 44. What was the British imperial structure?

 Explain the provisions of the Indo-British

 Trade Agreement of 1935.

 3+5=8
- **45.** Write short notes on the following: 4×2=8
 - (a) Effect of drain of wealth on India
 - (b) Capital flows and the colonial economy

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Course No. : ECODSE-502T (B)

(Public Economics)

SECTION-A

Answer any twenty of the following questions:

1×20=20

- 1. Give Dalton's definition of public finance.
- 2. Mention one similarity between public finance and private finance.
- 3. Is non-excludability a characteristic of public goods?
- 4. What is a social good?
- 5. Define negative externalities.
- 6. Give one example of capital receipt.
- 7. Define direct tax.
- 8. Mention one merit of indirect tax.

- 9. Is revenue expenditure recurring in nature?
- 10. Give one example of non-plan expenditure of the Government.
- 11. What is tax base? (100) and to produce things
- 12. Write one merit of proportional tax.
- 13. Mention one reason for the increasing popularity of progressive taxation.
- 14. What does 'horizontal equity' mean in taxation?
- 15. What is a degressive tax?
- 16. What is external public debt?
- 17. Mention one method of redemption of public debt.
- 18. What is a funded debt?
- 19. Mention one cause of debt trap.
- 20. Give one reason why internal debt is better than external debt.

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- 21. Write the French word from which the term 'budget' has been derived.
- What is vote-on-account?
- 23. Which Article of the Constitution provides for Union Budget?
- 24. When was the Railway Budget merged with the General Budget in India?
- 25. Name the Chairman of the 15th Finance Commission in India.

SECTION—B

Answer any five of the following questions: 2×5=10

- 26. What is functional finance?
- 27. What is free-rider's problem?
- 28. Distinguish between tax shifting and tax evasion.
- 29. Distinguish between developmental public expenditure and non-developmental public expenditure.

- 30. Discuss two merits of ability-to-pay principle of taxation.
- Give reasons why income is considered to be the best index of an individual's ability-to-pay.
- Discuss two internal sources of public debt.
- Suggest two measures to get out of debt trap.
- 34. Distinguish between money bill and finance bill.
- 35. Write a short note on the composition of Finance Commission.

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Answer any five of the following questions: 8×5=40

- 36. Discuss the nature of public finance as a 🌅 science and as an art. Explain the scope or subject matter of public finance. 4+4=8
- 37. Define public goods and private goods with examples. Discuss the characteristics of 4+4=8 public goods.
- 38. Give the concepts of impact and incidence of tax. Discuss the important factors that influence shifting and incidence of a tax. 2+6=8

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- 39. Explain the significance of public expenditure in a modern State.
- 40. Critically discuss the benefit principle of taxation.
- **41.** Explain the concepts of proportional tax rate schedule and progressive tax rate schedule.

4+4=

- **42.** Explain the burden of internal and external public debt. 4+4=8
- **43.** Discuss the role of public debt with special reference to developing countries.
- 44. Discuss the process of budget making in India.
- **45.** Give an account of the key recommendations of the 15th Finance Commission of India.

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Course No. : ECODSE-502T (C)

(Political Economy—I)

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Answer any twenty of the following questions:

1×20=20

- 1. Give an example of capitalist mode of production.
- 2. When did Post-Fordism begin?
- 3. Give an example of Post-Fordist production.
- 4. What is neo-Fordist?
- 5. What is job security?
- 6. Define globalization.
- 7. Why is India called a welfare State?
- 8. What does developed State mean?
- 9. Does globalization weaken to power of its state?
- 10. Does globalization affect poverty?

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- 11. What is a capital accumulation plan?
- 12. Give an example of accumulation of capital.
- 13. Who regulates money market in India?
- 14. What do you understand by financial system?
- 15. What was the year of global financial crises arouse?
- 16. What is meant by uneven development?
- 17. Mention any one positive effect of globalization.
- 18. Define inequality.
- 19. Define poverty.
- 20. Mention any negative effect of globalization.
- 21. How do you define gender?
- 22. What is 3rd gender called? To subsit at yellor
- 23. What are the gender differences in the workplace?
- 24. What is called environment? will account as a college of the c
- 25. What does sustainability mean?

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SECTION-B

Answer any five of the following questions: 2×5=10

- 26. What is Fordist approach to production?
- 27. Why is job security important?
- What are the three negative effects of globalization?
- 29. What does State autonomy mean?
- 30. What are the steps involved in the process of capital accumulation?
- 31. What are the factors that cause financial crises?
- 32. State any two causes of uneven development.
- 33. What are the three key impacts of social exclusion?
- 34. Give any two suggestions how gender diversity can be improved in the workplace.
- principles of the three 35. What are sustainability?

SECTION-C

Answer any five of the following questions: 8×5=40

36. What is post-Fordism theory? What are the main characteristics and importance of 2+3+3=8 post-Fordist model?

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- 37. Do you think that labour rights are human rights? Discuss the reforms could be adopted to improve the labour rights.

 2+6=8
- 38. Define welfare State. Discuss the main features of a welfare State. 2+6=8
- **39.** Is globalization threatening the social welfare? Give your arguments.
- **40.** Discuss the role of capital accumulation in economic development.
- **41.** What is financial repression? How does it affect investment in the economy? 2+6=8
- **42.** "Globalization make the poor poorer." Give your argument for and against the statement.
- **43.** How does inequality affect poverty and growth? Discuss.
- 44. What are the different barriers to gender equality in the workplace? Suggest some remedial measures to reduce gender inequality.

 4+4=8
 - **45.** Discuss the initiatives by India towards sustainable development in the country.

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