

# 2022/TDC(CBCS)/EVEN/SEM/ ECODSC/GEC-201T/503

## TDC (CBCS) Even Semester Exam., 2022

#### **ECONOMICS**

(2nd Semester)

Course No.: ECODSC/GEC-201T

( Principles of Microeconomics—II )

Full Marks: 70
Pass Marks: 28

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

### SECTION—A

Answer any twenty questions:

1×20=20

- 1. Define natural monopoly.
- 2. What is meant by 'imperfect competition'?
- 3. State the shape of supply curve under monopoly.
- 4. What do you mean by social cost of monopoly?
- 5. What type of profit does a monopoly firm earn in the long run?
- 6. Write one assumption of monopolistic competition.

(Turn Over)



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- 7. Can a firm under monopolistic competition earn supernormal profit in the short run?
- 8. Mention one example of oligopoly market.
- 9. What is the meaning of 'oligo' in the word 'oligopoly'?
- 10. In which market is 'product differentiation' prevalent?
- 11. What is marginal cost pricing?
- 12. What do you mean by social choice?
- 13. Does market failure occur through externalities?
- 14. Write one example of public good.
- 15. Define externality.
- 16. What is input market?
- 17. Why is demand for input called derived demand?
- 18. What do APP and MPP in economics stand for?
- 19. Mention one measurement of income distribution.
- 20. What is the shape of input demand curve?
- 21. Define welfare economics.
- 22. Who is the father of welfare economics?

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- 23. Fill in the blank:

  Social welfare function is \_\_\_\_ of individual welfares.
- 24. Whether welfare economics is considered as positive economics or normative economics?
- **25.** Does increase in national income always lead to increase in social welfare?

#### SECTION-B

Answer any five questions:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$ 

- 26. How does perfect competitive firm differ from imperfect competitive firm?
- 27. Give one merit and one demerit of monopoly.
- 28. State two forms of oligopoly.
- 29. Why are monopolistically competitive firms considered inefficient at allocating resources?
- 30. What are the characteristics of public good?
- 31. What is meant by 'internalizing externalities'?
- **32.** What are the two conditions of equilibrium of factor market?
- 33. What are the determinants of demand for a variable factor by a firm?
- 34. Write two criticisms of welfare economics.
- 35. Mention the dual criteria for detecting increase in social welfare.

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(Turn Over)

## SECTION—C

8×5=40

Answer any five questions:

- 36. Explain, with the help of suitable diagram, how a monopoly firm determines its equilibrium price and output in short run and long run.
- 37. What are the three types of price discrimination? How can price discrimination possible under monopoly?
- 38. Explain, with the help of proper diagrams, the short-run and long-run price-output determination under monopolistic competition.
- 39. Show the differences between monopolistic competition and oligopoly markets.
- 40. Explain the various types of consumption and production externalities.
- 41. What is market failure? State some causes and effects of market failure.
- **42.** Explain, with the help of suitable diagram, how factor price is determined under perfect competition.
- **43.** Explain how demand curve for a factor of production is derived under perfect competition.
- 44. Explain the nature of welfare economics.
- **45.** Critically explain Pareto criterion of social welfare.

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