CHEMISTRY (Minor) (2nd Semester) Course No.:CHM-DSM-151 (Fundamentals of Chemistry -I) Contact Hours: 45; Credits: 03

Full Marks = 100[End Semester Exam (70) Internal Assessment (30)] **Pass Marks = 40** [End Semester Exam (28) Internal Assessment (12)]

UNIT-I: Atomic Structure

Review of: Bohr's theory and its limitations, dual behaviour of matter and radiation, de-Broglie's relation, Heisenberg Uncertainty principle. Hydrogen atom spectra. Need of a new approach to Atomic structure. Time independent Schrodinger equation and meaning of various terms in it. Significance of ψ and ψ 2, Schrödinger equation for hydrogen atom. Radial and angular parts of the hydogenic wave functions (atomic orbitals) and their variations for 1*s*, 2*s*, 2*p*, 3*s*, 3*p* and 3*d* orbitals (Only graphical representation). Radial and angular nodes and their significance. Radial distribution functions and the concept of the most probable distance with special reference to 1s and 2s atomic orbitals. Significance of quantum numbers, orbital angular momentum and quantum numbers m*l* and m*s*. Shapes of *s*, *p* and *d* atomic orbitals, nodal planes. Discovery of spin, spin quantum number (*s*) and magnetic spin quantum number (m*s*).

Rules for filling electrons in various orbitals, Electronic configurations of the atoms. Stability of half-filled and completely filled orbitals, concept of exchange energy. Relative energies of atomic orbitals, Anomalous electronic configurations.

UNIT-II : Chemical Bonding and Molecular Structure

Ionic Bonding

General characteristics of ionic bonding. Energy considerations in ionic bonding, lattice energy and solvation energy and their importance in the context of stability and solubility of ionic compounds. Statement of Born-Landé equation for calculation of lattice energy, Born-Haber cycle and its applications, polarizing power and polarizability. Fajan's rules, ionic character in covalent compounds, bond moment, dipole moment and percentage ionic character.

Covalent bonding

Valence Bond Approach: Shapes of some inorganic molecules and ions on the basis of VSEPR and hybridization with suitable examples of linear, trigonal planar, square planar, tetrahedral, trigonal bipyramidal and octahedral arrangements.

Concept of resonance and resonating structures in various inorganic and organic compounds.

Molecular Orbital Approach

Rules for the LCAO method, bonding and antibonding MOs and their characteristics for s-s, sp and p-p combinations of atomic orbitals, nonbonding combination of orbitals, MO treatment of homonuclear diatomic molecules of 1st and 2nd periods (including idea of s-p mixing) and heteronuclear diatomic molecules such as CO, NO and NO+. Comparison of VB and MO approaches.



UNIT-III: Gases

Gases: Kinetic Theory of Gases: Postulates of Kinetic Theory of Gases and derivation of the kinetic gas equation. Deviation of real gases from ideal behaviour, compressibility factor, causes of deviation. Vander-Waals equation of state for real gases. Most probable, average and root mean square velocities (no derivation). Collision number and mean free path of molecules.

UNIT-IV: Liquids and Solids

Liquids: Surface tension and its determination using stalagmometer. Viscosity of a liquid and determination of coefficient of viscosity using Ostwald viscometer. Effect of temperature on surface tension and coefficient of viscosity of a liquid (qualitative treatment only)

Solids: Forms of solid: covalent solid, molecular solid, ionic solid, Different types of cubic Unit cells, crystal systems, Bravais lattice types. Defects in crystals: line defect, point defect, Schottky & Frenkel Defect.

UNIT-V: Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry

Electronic Displacements: Inductive Effect, Electromeric Effect, Resonance and Hyperconjugation. Cleavage of Bonds: Homolysis and Heterolysis. Structure, shape and reactivity of organic molecules: Nucleophiles and electrophiles. Reactive Intermediates: Carbocations, Carbanions and free radicals. Strength of organic acids and bases: Comparative study with emphasis on factors affecting pK values. Aromaticity: Benzenoids and Hückel's rule.

Reference Books

- Puri, Sharma, Kalia; Principles of Inorganic Chemistry, Vishal Publishing Co.
- Puri, Sharma, Pathaniaa; Principles of Physical Chemistry, Vishal Publishing Co. 45th Edition
- Arun Bahl and B. S. Bahl: Advanced Organic Chemistry, S. Chand.
- Ghosh, Sachin Kumar; Advanced General Organic Chemistry: A Modern Approach (vol 1 & 2), NCBA
- Jain, M. K., Sharma, S. C.; Modern Organic Chemistry; Vishal Publishing Co.