

2019/TDC/ODD/SEM/COMDSC-301T/256

TDC (CBCS) Odd Semester Exam., 2019

COMMERCE

a public company as per tric Cumpanies

(3rd Semester)

Course No.: COMDSC-301T

(Company Law)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 28

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

UNIT-I

- 1. Answer any *four* from the following as directed: $1\times4=4$
 - (a) The Companies Act of 1956 was repealed by which Act?
 - (b) Mention one feature of a joint-stock company.
 - (c) The maximum number of members in case of private limited company as per the Companies Act, 2013 is 150/200.

(Choose the correct answer)

(Turn Over)

4. . "A company A" . .



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- (d) What is the minimum paid-up capital of a public company as per the Companies Act, 2013?
- Mention one important document which is required for incorporation of a company.
- 2. Answer any one question of the following:
 - under Who is a promoter Companies Act, 2013?
 - What is meant by corporate veil?
- 3. Describe the procedure relating to the formation of companies under Companies Act, 2013.

4. "A company has a separate legal entity distinct from its members." Explain the statement with reference to a case study.

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- 5. Answer any four from the following as directed: $1 \times 4 = 4$
 - (a) Is it necessary for a private company to have its articles of association?

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(3)

- What is the validity period of shelf prospectus?
- What is global depository receipt? (c)
- Mention two kinds of preference share. (d)
- Buy back of share means when a company buys its own shares/to buy shares of other company.

(Choose the correct answer)

- 6. Answer any one question of the following:
 - (a) Distinguish between equity share and preference share. (1) minimum) ...
 - (b) Define prospectus.
- 7. "Memorandum of Association is a charter of the company." Comment upon the statement and explain the clauses which are included in memorandum of association of 2+6=8 company.

OR

8. Write notes on the following: 4×2=8

- (a) Doctrine of constructive notice
- (b) Doctrine of indoor management 12. a finantes vo loud knois and a com-

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(4)

UNIT-III

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- 9. Answer any four from the following as directed:
 - (a) What is the minimum number of directors in case of a public company as you per the Companies Act, 2013?
 - (b) A managing director of a company can be appointed for a maximum period of 5 years/6 years.

(Choose the correct answer)

- (c) When does a company call for its first
 Annual General Meeting under the
 Companies Act, 2013?
 - (d) Mention one right of a company secretary.
 - (e) What does DIN stand for?
- 10. Answer any one question of the following:

 (a) Who is a whole-time director?
- 8=0+9(b) What is e-Voting?
- 11. Briefly discuss the provisions of the 8=2×+Companies Act regarding appointment of directors of a company.

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Discuss various kinds of meetings that can be held by a company.

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UNIT-IV

- 13. Answer any four from the following as directed:
 - (a) What is the period for which books of account must be retained by the company?
 - (b) Name one statutory book that every company must maintain in addition to the books of account.
 - (c) Who is empowered to sign the auditor's report?
 - (d) Interim dividend is dividend declared between two AGM's/Board meetings of the company. (Choose the correct answer)
 - (e) When is first auditor of a company appointed?
- 14. Answer any one question of the following:
 - (a) What is dividend mandate?
 - (b) Write a short note on criminal liability of an auditor.
- 15. Discuss the powers and duties of auditors under the Companies Act, 2013. 4+4=8

OR

16. What are the provisions under the Companies
Act, 2013 for the payment of dividend? 8
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(6)

UNIT-V

- 17. Answer any four from the following as directed:
 - (a) Mention the different modes of winding up of a company as per the Companies Act, 2013.
 - (b) Mention one ground for compulsory winding up under Section 271 of the Companies Act, 2013.
 - (c) The company liquidator has to submit the reports on the progress of winding up quarterly/annually.

(Choose the correct answer)

(d) The liabilities of the shareholders continue even after the company goes into liquidation.

(Write True or False)

- (e) Who among the following cannot file a petition for winding up?
 - (i) Registrar
 - (ii) Promoter

(Choose the correct answer)

- 18. Answer any one question of the following:
 - (a) What is whistle blowing?
 - (b) What is insider trading?

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19. Describe the powers and duties of company liquidator appointed by the tribunal. 4+4=8

OR

20. Explain the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the creditor's voluntary winding up.

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