



**2022/TDC/ODD/SEM/
BOTHCC-303T/140**

TDC (CBCS) Odd Semester Exam., 2022

**BOTANY
(Honours)**

(3rd Semester)

Course No. : BOTHCC-303T

(Genetics)

Full Marks : 50

Pass Marks : 20

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

UNIT—I

1. Answer any two of the following questions :

2×2=4

(a) What do you mean by multiple alleles?
Give examples.

(b) Give two examples of codominance.

(c) Define autosomes and sex chromosomes.



(2)

2. Answer any *one* of the following questions : 6
- (a) Define epistasis. Explain dominant epistasis with a suitable cross. 1+5=6
- (b) Explain the principles of inheritance.

UNIT—II

3. Answer any *two* of the following questions : 2×2=4
- (a) Define extrachromosomal inheritance.
- (b) What are plasmagenes?
- (c) Define Kappa particles.

4. Answer any *one* of the following questions : 6
- (a) Write a note on shell coiling in snail with necessary diagrams.
- (b) Write a note on variegation in four-o'clock plant.

UNIT—III

5. Answer any *two* of the following questions : 2×2=4
- (a) Define sex-linkage.
- (b) What do you mean by crossing-over?
- (c) Define three-factor cross.

(3)

6. Answer any *one* of the following questions : 6
- (a) Give an account on the cytological basis of crossing-over.

- (b) Write short notes on the following : 3+3=6
- (i) Interference
- (ii) Coincidence

UNIT—IV

7. Answer any *two* of the following questions : 2×2=4
- (a) Define monosomics with examples.
- (b) Define mutations. Write its types.
- (c) Give two examples of trisomics.
8. Answer any *one* of the following questions : 6
- (a) Define mutagens. Write a note on chemical mutagens. 1+5=6
- (b) Explain CLB method of detection of mutations.



(4)

UNIT—V

9. Answer any *two* of the following questions :

2×2=4

- (a) Define genotype frequencies.
- (b) Write briefly about speciation.
- (c) What do you mean by genetic drift?

10. Answer any *one* of the following questions : 6

- (a) Explain Hardy-Weinberg law with suitable examples.
- (b) Write short notes on the following : 3+3=6
 - (i) Allele frequencies
 - (ii) Genetic variation
